

---

# INSIGHTS INTO OPEN AND OPTIMIZED VVC IMPLEMENTATIONS

SVCP 2021

---

*Presenter:*

Adam Wieckowski  
*Fraunhofer HHI, Berlin, Germany*

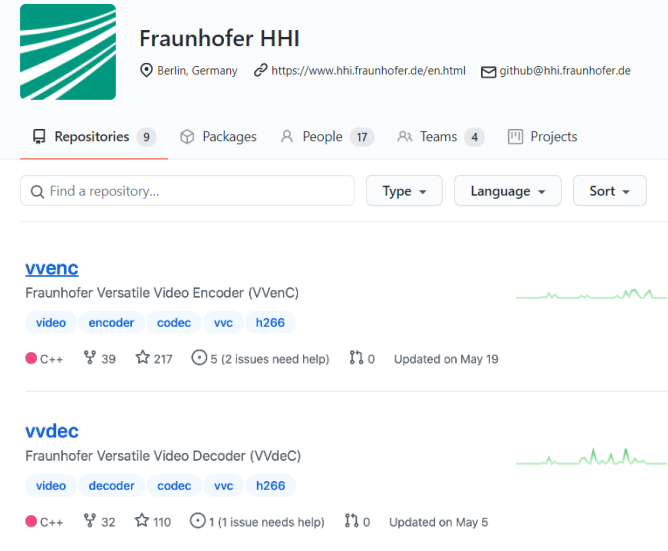


VVC™ is a trademark of Media Coding Industry Forum

# VVC – Open, Optimized Implementations

## Fraunhofer HHI developed optimized VVC software

- Versatile Video Encoder (VVenC)
  - Goal: fast “real world” implementation while maintaining high coding efficiency (~VTM)
- Versatile Video Decoder (VVdeC)
  - Goal: enable 2160p60 10bit live decoding on a powerful multi-core CPU
- Source code on GitHub since Sep. 2020
- Copyright 3-clause BSD license since Dec. 2020



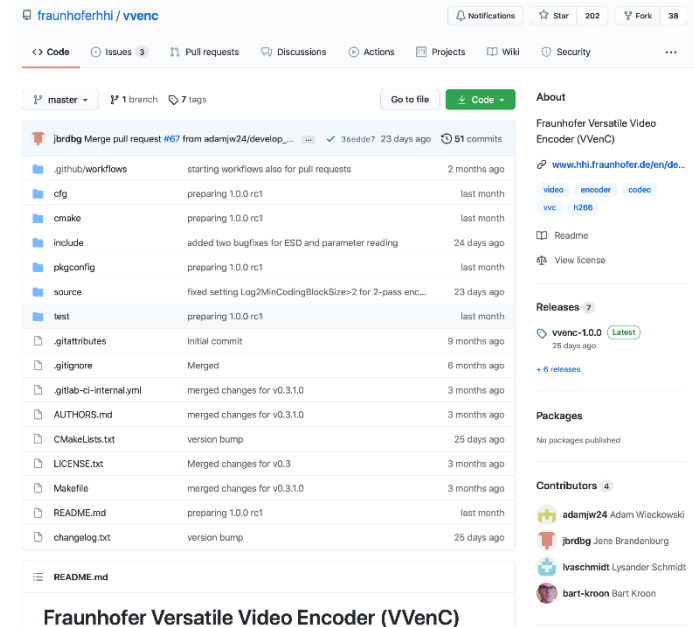
The screenshot shows the GitHub profile for Fraunhofer HHI. The profile header includes the organization name, location (Berlin, Germany), website, and email. Below the header, there are statistics for Repositories (9), Packages, People (17), Teams (4), and Projects. A search bar and filters for Type, Language, and Sort are visible. Two repositories are listed:

- vrnc**: Fraunhofer Versatile Video Encoder (VVenC). It has 39 forks, 217 stars, and 5 issues that need help. It is updated on May 19. Tags include video, encoder, codec, vvc, and h266.
- vvdec**: Fraunhofer Versatile Video Decoder (VVdeC). It has 32 forks, 110 stars, and 1 issue that needs help. It is updated on May 5. Tags include video, decoder, codec, vvc, and h266.

# VVenC – At a Glance

Current version: v1.0.0 released in May 2021

- 5 predefined **quality/speed presets**:
  - faster, fast, medium, slow, slower
  - 16x to 1040x speedup over VTM (8 threads, UHD)
- “real world” features:
  - 1-pass and 2-pass VBR rate control
  - **Subjective quality optimization**
  - **Multithreading**
  - Simple easy to use C interface
  - Expert mode, VTM-style interface
- Happy to see first non-HHI contributions

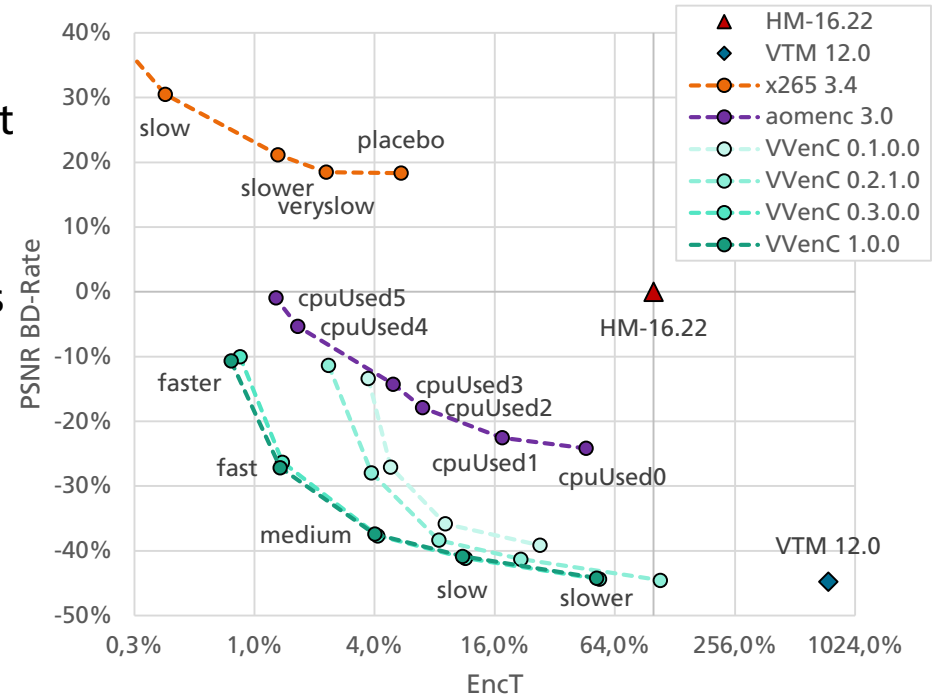


# VVenC – Multi-Threaded Results

## Comparison to other state-of-the-art encoders

### VVenC 1.0.0 compared to:

- **HM-16.22:** Over 40% BD-rate gains at 75% runtime up to 10% gains at 5% runtime
- **VTM-12:** VVenC is much faster, keeps best coding efficiency plus pareto-optimal runtime-scaling
- **AV1 aomenc 3.0:** VVenC has higher BD-rate at comparable runtime
- **x265 3.4:** VVenC has significantly better BD-rate, catching up with runtime



See Annex A for detailed settings

# VVenC – Development Approach

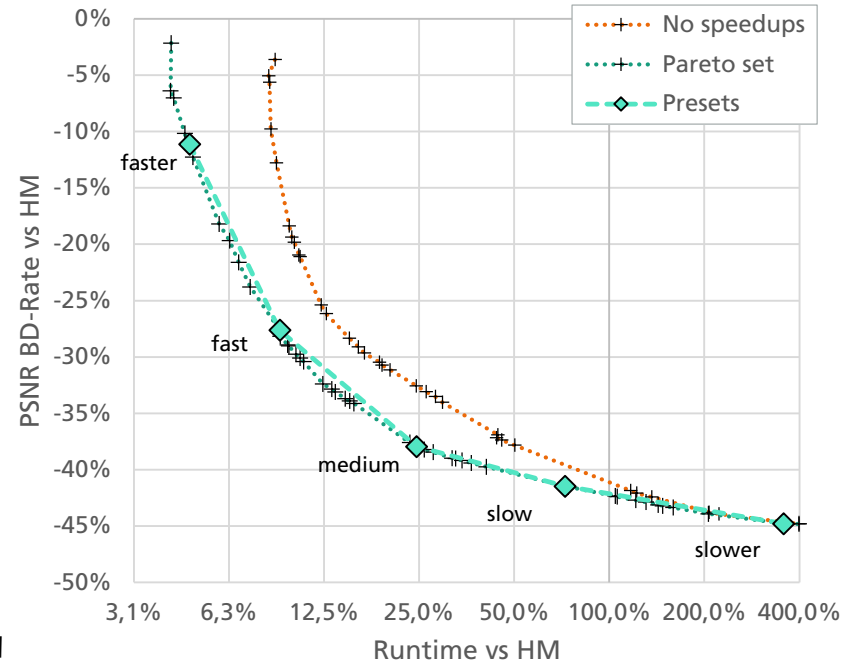
## Main objectives in VVenC development

- Implementation of usability features, e.g. rate control, subj. opt., and multithreading
- Improved implementation of the algorithms, including vectorization with SIMD
  - Mostly ported from VVdeC, but also encoder specific incl. fwd. Tr, MCTF and more
- Improved design of the search algorithms at various levels
  - Various fast strategies for most tools and tool combinations
  - Configuration space exploration for present derivation
- Roadplan for future version
  - More usability features (making the encode more versatile)
  - Further speedups (both better impl. and algs.)
  - Improved compression performance, e.g. using encoding preanalysis

# VVenC – Preset derivation

## VVenC configuration space exploration vs HM-16.22

- Iterative Pareto-Set approximation
    - Start at “HEVC”-like config
    - Next step based on “Tool-On” test
    - Both coding tools and speedups
  - Pareto Set with and without speedups
    - 2x speedup up to around medium
    - Many tools with very good gain
  - Less speedups towards slow and slower
    - Expensive last bit of efficiency
- In v1.1: make the starting point even faster!



# VVenC – Presets

## “faster”

CTU64, QT44,  
BTT00

SAO, CCLM, TS  
(for SCC), TMVP

Deblocking, SH,  
implicit MTS,  
DMVR, BDOF

fast RDOQ, fast  
ME/partitioning,  
gradient based  
partitioning

## “fast”

BTT10

Linear ALF,  
CC-ALF,  
Affine,  
AMVR,  
LFNST,

MCTF

## “medium”

CTU128, BTT21

LMCS, DQ (SH),  
JCCR, MRL, MIP,  
SMVD, MMVD,  
SBTMVP, GPM

DBLF search opt,  
fast intra  
combinations

## “slow”

BTT32

SBT, CIIP

AMVR, GPM

gradient  
based  
partitioning,  
fast intra  
combi.

## “slower”

BTT33

non-lin. ALF,  
expl. MTS  
(impl. MTS)

Affine, ISP,  
MIP, SMVD,  
MMVD

fast ME,  
some fast  
partitioning

QT[X,Y], BTT[X,Y]  
max. tree depth  
[Intra,Inter]

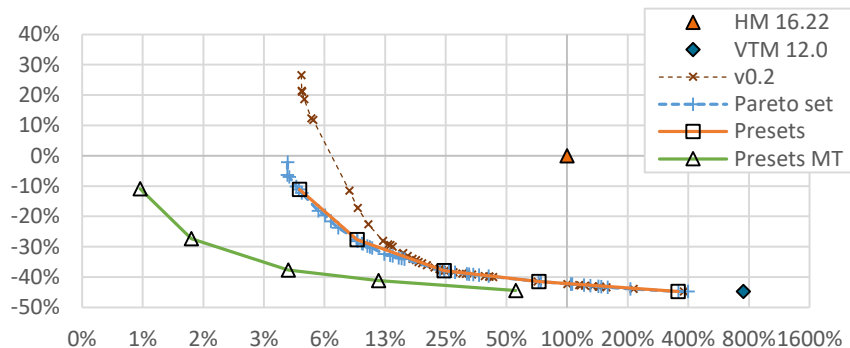
Coding tool

Implicit tool

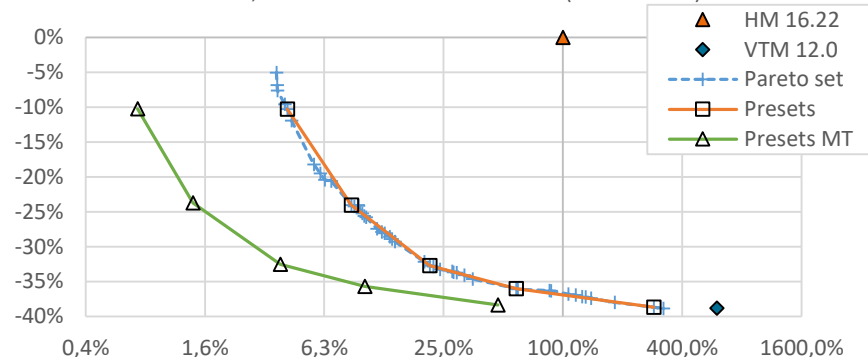
Encoder  
optimization

# VVenC – Preset performance for various use-cases

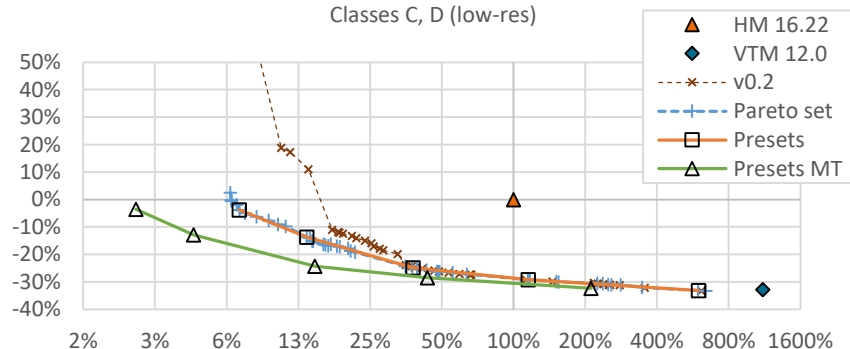
Classes A1, A2, B (HD and UHD)



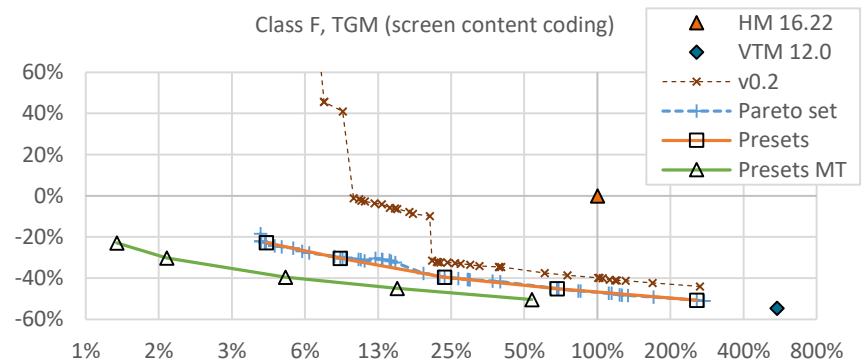
Non CTC, HHIs Berlin Set for Verification (HD and UHD)



Classes C, D (low-res)



Class F, TGM (screen content coding)

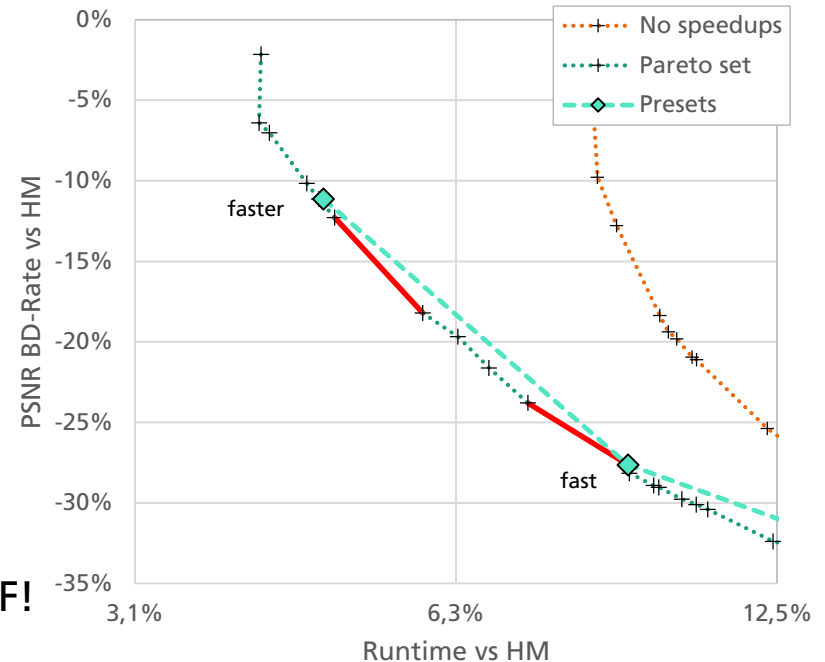




# VVenC – Preset derivation towards v1.1

## VVenC Pareto Set observations

- The curve looks good
  - Overall convex characteristics
- Only 6 points between faster and fast
  - Two tools take 2/3 of the gain
  - Two tools take 2/3 of the runtime
  - ALF (w/o clipping) and MCTF (from VTM)
- Idea – split the tools up
  - Try get most of the gain
  - Minimize the runtime
- Side note – really big impact of ALF and MCTF!
  - In VTM almost no runtime increase



# VVenC – Low hanging fruits 1

## Tool deconstruction for Adaptive Loop Filter

### ■ Typical optimization process

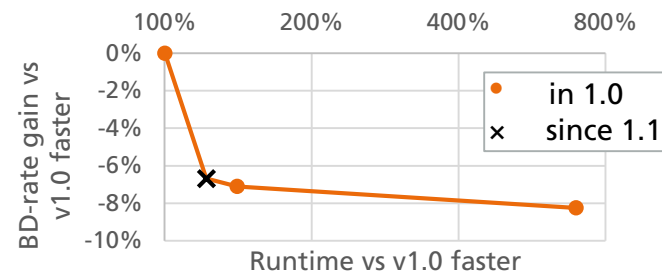
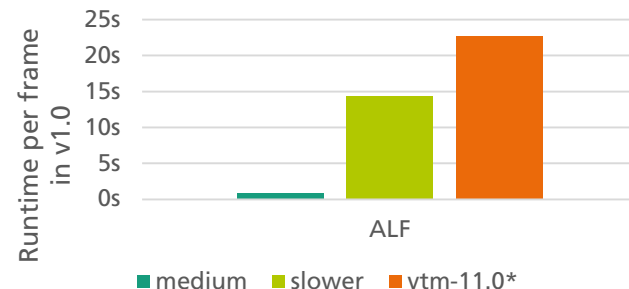
- Define building blocks making out a tool
- Test the parts independently
- Isolate and optimize the independent code parts
- Select optimal configurations for presets

### ■ E.g. ALF working points on top of v1.0 faster

- Full configuration: 8.3% BD-rate gain
- No clipping (1/16 tests): 7.1% BD-rate gain

### ■ ALF in v1.1 fast

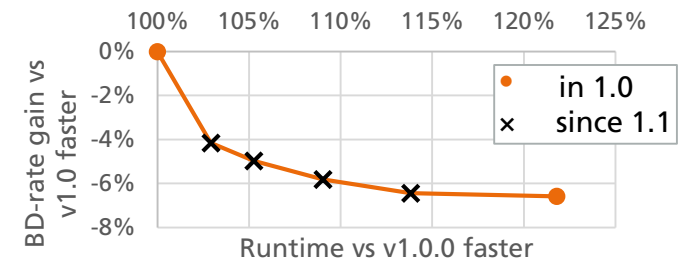
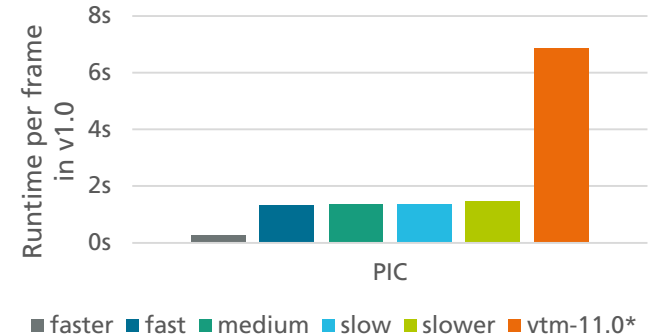
- Only ref frames (1/2 tests): 6.7% BD-rate gain



# VVenC – Low hanging fruits 2

## Tool deconstruction for Motion Compensated Temporal Filtering

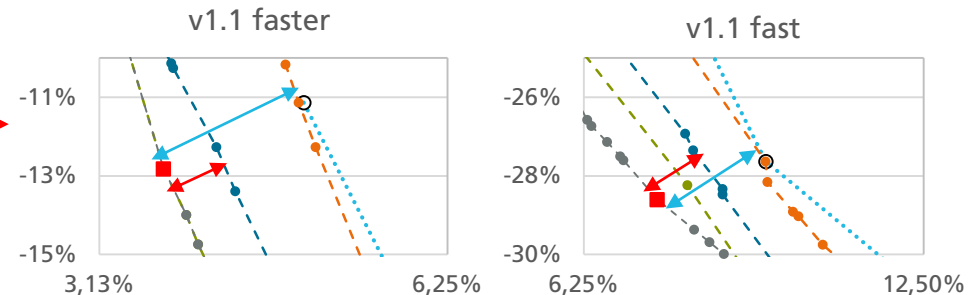
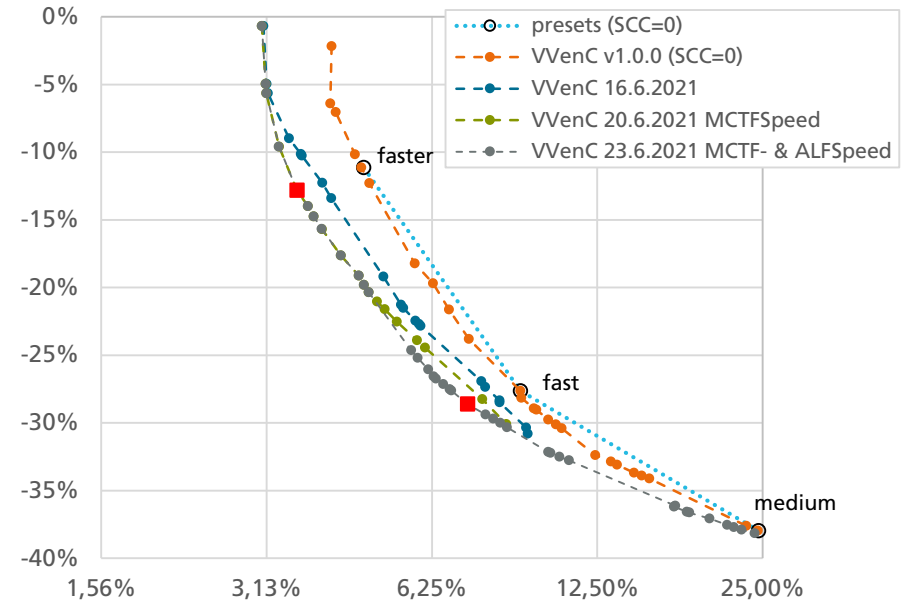
- Motion compensated temporal filtering
  - Based on simplified motion search
  - Applied to frames with many references
  - Search up to 4 neighboring frames
- Deconstruction
  - Limit the number of frames applied
  - Limit the number of reference frames
- Results
  - 2/3 of the gain for 10% of the runtime



# VVenC – Outlook for v1.1

## New starting point and tools split-up

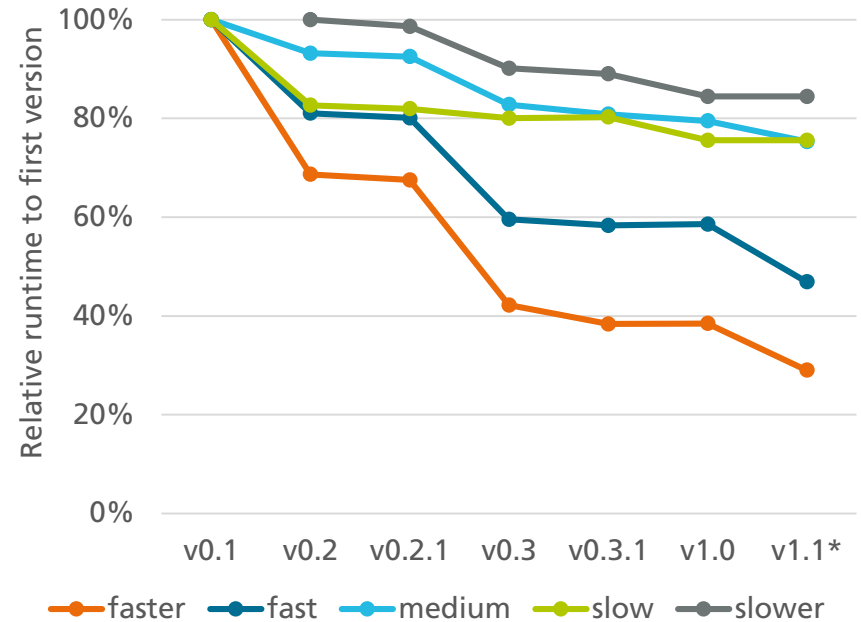
- Preliminary Pareto Set for v1.1
  - Improved starting point (blue line)
- Multiple ALF and MCTF working points
  - MCTF: faster and fast, ALF: fast
- Curves converge later, before medium
  - Still 7% faster than in v1.0
  - Speedup due to other factors
- Filter deconstruction impact
  - Versus improved starting point ↔
  - Versus old Pareto Set ↔
- Flip side: more options to optimize



# VVenC – Development history

## Single threaded preset runtime development

- v1.1 to be released soon
- slower only added in v0.2
  - Only sped up by 15%
- Biggest improvement in **faster** and **fast**
  - Better starting points since v0.1
  - **faster** sped up by 70%
  - **fast** sped up by 53%
- v0.2: mostly about gains over v0.1
- v0.3: new starting point, CTU64, no MTT
- **medium** most optimized pre v0.1
  - Main focus in early development



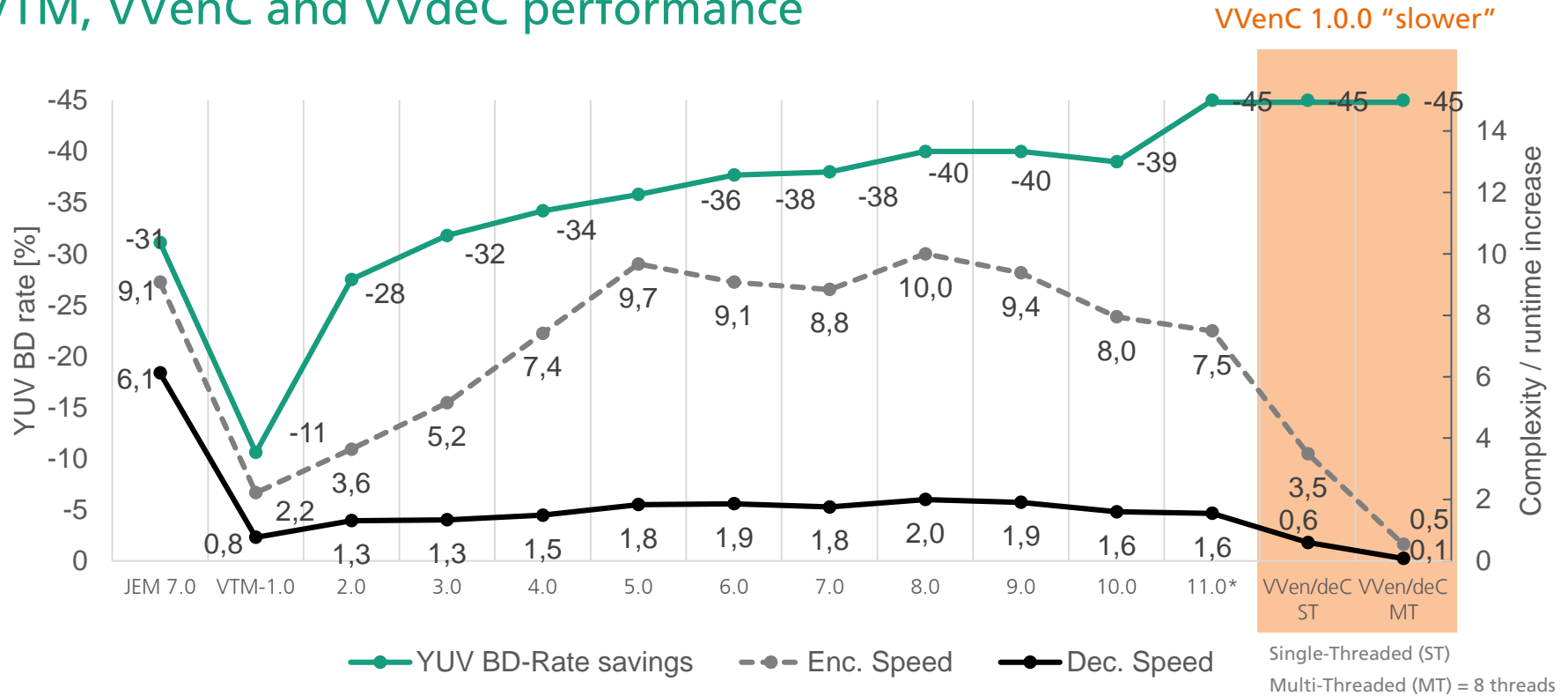
# VVenC – Conclusion

## Insights into Open and Optimized VVC Implementations

- VVenC (<https://github.com/fraunhoferhhi/vvenc>)
  - Open optimized VVC implementation available on GitHub
  - Single-slice, single-tile encoding
  - Optimized implementation and search algorithms
  - Subjective optimizations, rate-control & multithreading
- Stay tuned for v1.1 with further improvements to faster and fast
- Have a look at the **x265** vs **VVenC** comparison and live decoding demo in 3IT!

# VVenC – Conclusion

## VTM, VVenC and VVdeC performance



Thank you for your attention!

[adam.wieckowski@hhi.fraunhofer.de](mailto:adam.wieckowski@hhi.fraunhofer.de)

[hhi.fraunhofer.de/vvc](https://hhi.fraunhofer.de/vvc)

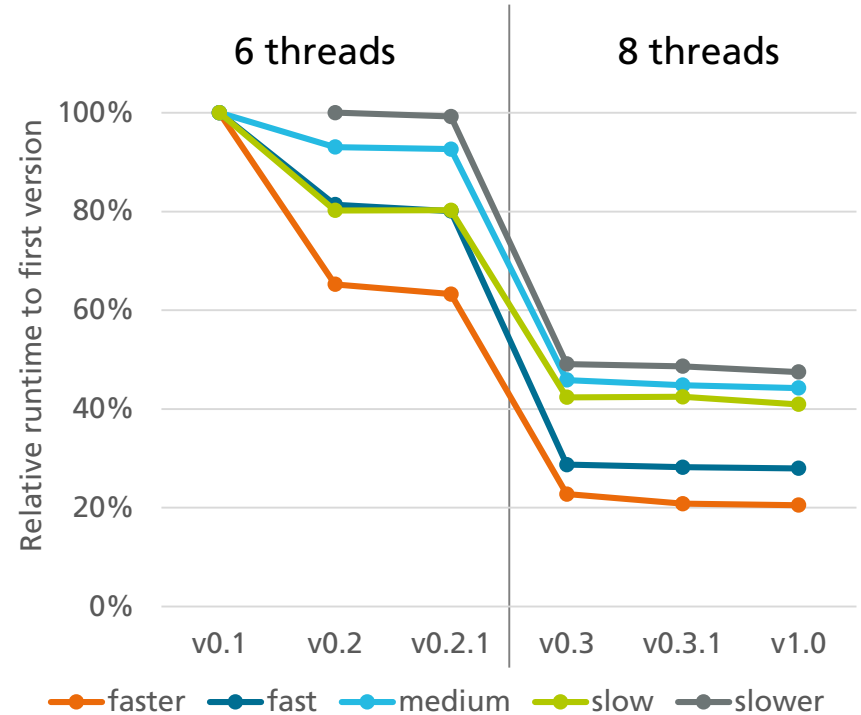


# Backup - Multithreading

# VVenC – Development history

## Multi-threaded preset runtime development

- **v0.3** 2-3x times faster than **v0.2.1**
  - With 33% more threads
  - Added frame parallelism
- Overall, in **v1.0**
  - At least 2x speedup since **v0.1**
  - **faster**, overall 4/5 runtime reduction
  - **faster** and **fast** with smaller CTU since **v0.3** (more CTU lines)



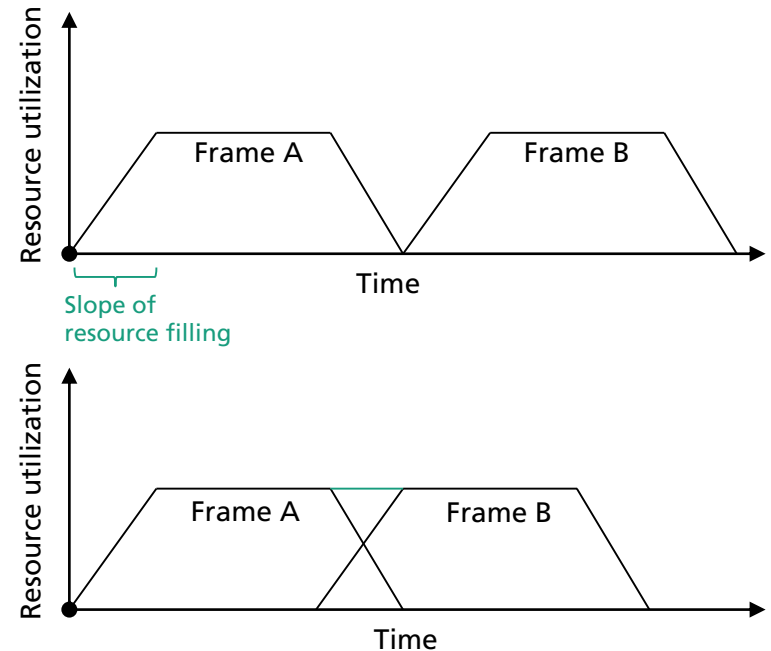
# VVenC – Multi-threading approach

- A combination of CTU-line and independent frame parallelism
  - Task-based implementation with a single thread-pool
  - 1 task per CTU, with following stages
    - CU search loop
    - LMCS and vertical deblocking
    - Horizontal deblocking
    - SAO filtering
    - 3 ALF stages: stats, filter derivation, application
- Dependencies
    - Checked by treadpool
    - Checked by tasks themselves
  - Task can execute partially
  - Automatic load balancing!
  - Very good scaling!
  - Stats collection the most time-consuming step
  - Final filter derivation requires stats for the whole picture, increasing latency if not parallelised

# VVenC – Multi-threading visualisation

## Benefit of independent frame parallelization

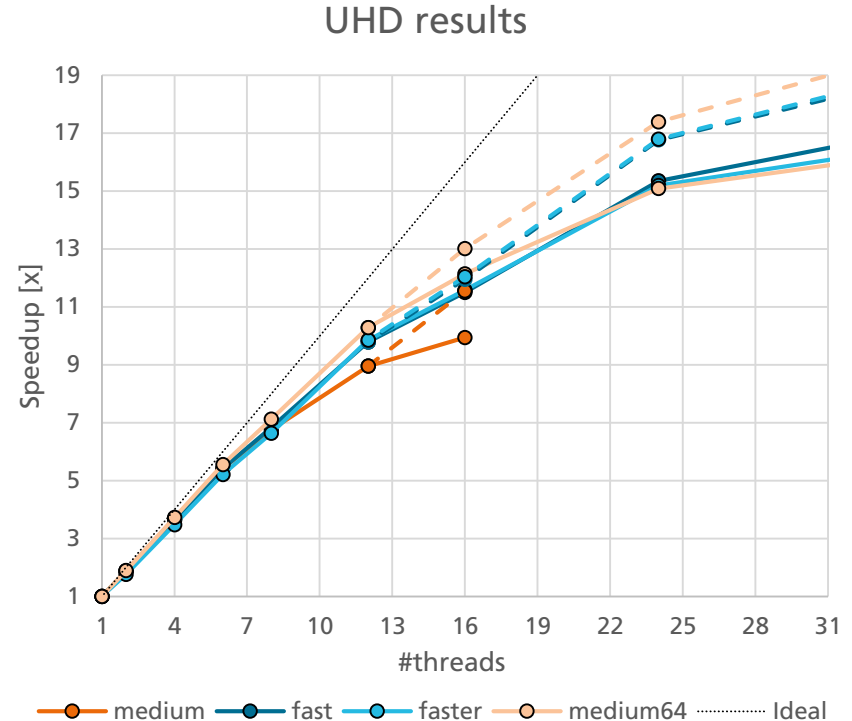
- Less CTU tasks at the beginning and end of a frame
- “Slope” dependent on WaveFront usage
- Possibly not enough to fill 8+ cores
- “Overlap” independent frames
- In practice, just schedule all tasks at once
  - Automatic load balancing
  - 100% utilization until last frame finishes
- Downside: cannot be used without independent frames (low-delay)



# VVenC – Multi-threading performance

## Scaling dependent on preset and additional options

- Efficient multi-threading and scaling
- *fast* and *faster* have more CTU lines
  - Can efficiently utilize 20+ cores
- *medium*, *slow* and *slower* uses CTU128
  - Good utilization of up to 16 cores
- Relies on independent frames
  - Minimal efficiency impact!
- Can be improved with CTU64
- Can be improved with normative WPP (- - -)
  - Remove above-right CTU dep.



# Annex A – Encoder comparison settings

## Encoding with preset P for quality Q

- HD and UHD sequences from JVET common test conditions JVET-T2010:

[https://jvet-experts.org/doc\\_end\\_user/documents/20\\_Teleconference/wg11/JVET-T2010-v2.zip](https://jvet-experts.org/doc_end_user/documents/20_Teleconference/wg11/JVET-T2010-v2.zip)

- Command line options for different encoders (no sequence specific parameters)

- **aomenc**

```
-cpu-used=P -passes=2 -cq-level=Q -kf-min-dist=<1s> -kf-max-dist=<1s> -end-usage=q -  
auto-alt-ref=1 -lag-in-frames=19 -threads=0 -bit-depth=10 -static-thresh=0 -drop-  
frame=0 -tune=psnr -q-hist=0 -rate-hist=0 -enbale-fwd-kf=1 -codec=av1 -deltaq-mode=0
```

- **x265**

```
-D 10 --preset P --tune psnr --crf Q --keyint <1s> --min-keyint <1s> --profile main10  
--output-depth 10 --frame-threads 1 --pools 0 --no-wpp
```